

# Neural correlates of similarity- and rule-based generalization

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**PSYCHOLOGY  
WITH  
PLYMOUTH  
UNIVERSITY**

UNIVERSITY OF  
**EXETER**

“A bachelor is an unmarried man”



The pope is a bachelor.

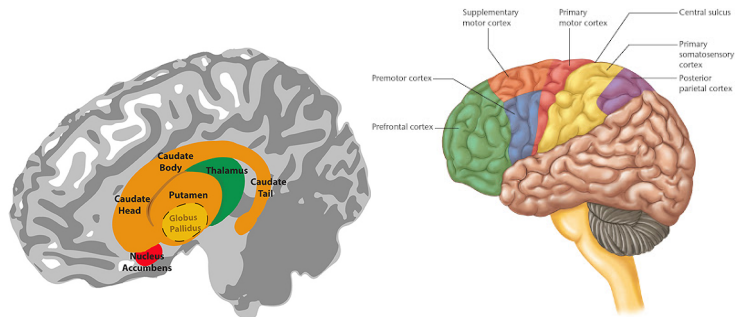
## Bachelor examples



The pope may be a poor example of a bachelor.



# Procedural system (COVIS)



Putamen, supplementary motor area.

## Ed Smith (1940–2012) and colleagues



- Patalano, A.L., **Smith, E.E.**, Jonides, J. & Koeppe, R.A. (2001). PET evidence for multiple strategies of categorization. *Cognitive, Affective & Behavioral Neuroscience*, 1, 360–370.
- **Grossman, M., Smith, E.E., Keonig, P.**, Glosser, G., **DeVita, C., Moore, P.** & McMillan, C. (2002). The neural basis for categorization in semantic memory. *NeuroImage*, 17, 1429–1561.
- **Keonig, P., Smith, E.E., DeVita, C., Moore, P., McMillan, C., Gee, J. & Grossman, M.** (2005). The neural basis for novel semantic categorization. *NeuroImage*, 24, 369–383.

## Pizza-quarter procedure (Rips, 1989)



Object that is round, 2 inches in diameter. Pizza or quarter?

# Criterial-attribute procedure



Deborah Kemler Nelson

- Kemler Nelson, D.G. (1984). The effect of intention on what concepts are acquired. *Journal of Verbal Learning and Verbal Behaviour*, 23, 734–759.
- Wills, A.J., Inkster, A.B. & Milton, F. (2015). Combination or Differentiation? Two theories of processing order in classification. *Cognitive Psychology*, 80, 1–33.

## Tracy et al. (2003)

- “Similarity-based” category structure
  - Category 1: LIRU, GERU, GITU, GIRA
  - Category 2: GETA, LITA, LERA, LETU
- “Rule-based” category structure
  - Category 1: BUNO, KYNO, KUNA, BYNA
  - Category 2: KYPA, BUPA, BYPO, KUPO

Tracy, J.I., Mohamed, F., Faro, S., Pinus, A., Tiver, R., Harvan, J., Bloomer, C., Pyros, A. & Madi, S. (2003). Differential brain responses when applying criterion attribute versus family resemblance rule learning. *Brain and Cognition*, 51, 276–286.

Which has 3 features?


upright neck

short legs

long snout

yellow color


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Which is a crutter?

crutter

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Rule procedure (left), and Similarity procedure (right)

Mr X consumes a meal containing

Apples and Bananas

C= No Reaction    M= Reaction|

**Incorrect Mr X had a Reaction**

## Shanks-Darby procedure

<u>Training</u>			<u>Test</u>		
A+	B+	AB-	A?	B?	AB?
C-	D-	CD+	C?	D?	CD?
E+	F+	EF-	E?	F?	EF?
G-	H-	GH+	G?	H?	GH?
I+	J+		I?	J?	<b>IJ?</b>
		KL-	<b>K?</b>	<b>L?</b>	KL?
M-	N-		M?	N?	<b>MN?</b>
		OP+	<b>O?</b>	<b>P?</b>	OP?

Similarity-based inference - IJ makes Mr.X sick, MN is fine.

Rule-based inference - IJ is fine, MN is sick.

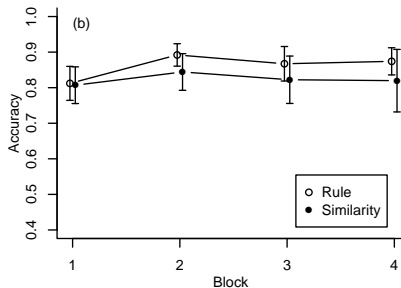
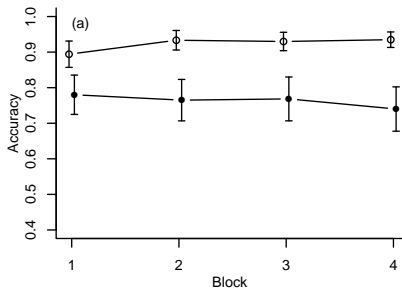
## Selected Shanks-Darby results

- Effect of concurrent load
  - Wills, A.J., Graham, S., Koh, Z., McLaren, I.P.L., & Rolland, M.D. (2011). Effects of concurrent load on feature- and rule-based generalization in human contingency learning. *Journal of Experimental Psychology: Animal Behavior Processes*, 37, 308-316.
- Working memory capacity
  - Wills, A.J., Barrasin, T.J., & McLaren, I.P.L. (2011). Working memory capacity and generalization in predictive learning. In L. Carlson, C. Holscher, & T. Shipley (Eds.). *Proceedings of the 33rd Annual Conference of the Cognitive Science Society* (pp. 3205-3210). Austin, TX: Cognitive Science Society
- Rats, pigeons, and adult humans
  - Maes, E., De Filippo, G., Inkster, A., Lea, S.E.G., De Houwer, J., D'Hooge, R., Beckers, T., & Wills, A.J. (2015). Feature- versus rule-based generalization in rats, pigeons and humans. *Animal Cognition*, 18, 1267-1284.

# Exeter MR centre

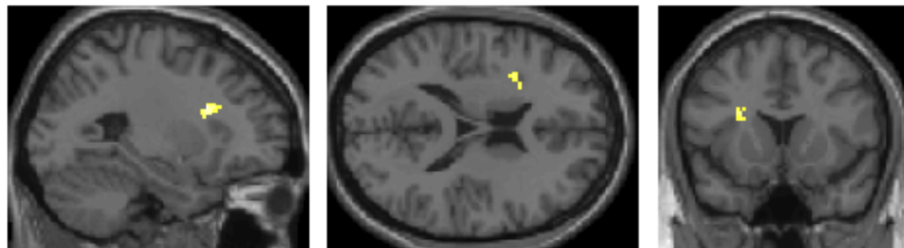


# Results: Behavioural



Filled circles = rule-consistent. Open circles = similarity-consistent  
Error bars are difference-adjusted 95% confidence intervals for the  
between-subjects effect.

## Results: Imaging (Rule - Similarity)



**$x = -26; y = 14; z = 16$**

$p < .001$  uncorrected, combined with 24-contiguous-voxel cluster threshold, resulting in an overall corrected threshold of  $p < .05$ , according to AlphaSim in the REST toolbox (Song et al., 2011).

# All you need is rules, rules ... rules are all you need



Chris Mitchell (Plymouth University)

Mitchell, C.J., De Houwer, J. & Lovibond, P.F. (2009). The propositional nature of human associative learning. *Behavioral and Brain Sciences*, 32, 183–246.